§4003.2

- (3) Determinations with respect to voluntary terminations under section 4041 of ERISA, including—
- (i) A determination that a notice requirement or a certification requirement under section 4041 of ERISA has not been met.
- (ii) A determination that the requirements for demonstrating distress under section 4041(c)(2)(B) of ERISA have not been met, and
- (iii) A determination with respect to the sufficiency of plan assets for benefit liabilities or for guaranteed benefits;
- (4) Determinations with respect to allocation of assets under section 4044 of ERISA, including distribution of excess assets under section 4044(d);
- (5) Determinations that a plan is not covered under section 4021 of ERISA;
- (6) Determinations under section 4022 (a) or (c) or section 4022A(a) of ERISA with respect to benefit entitlement of participants and beneficiaries under covered plans and determinations that a domestic relations order is or is not a qualified domestic relations order under section 206(d)(3) of ERISA and section 414(p) of the Code;
- (7) Determinations under section 4022 (b) or (c), section 4022A (b) through (e), or section 4022B of ERISA of the amount of benefits payable to participants and beneficiaries under covered plans;
- (8) Determinations of the amount of money subject to recapture pursuant to section 4045 of ERISA;
- (9) Determinations of the amount of liability under section 4062(b)(1), section 4063, or section 4064 of ERISA;
 - (10) Determinations—
- (i) That the amount of a participant's or beneficiary's benefit under section 4050(a)(3) of ERISA has been correctly computed based on the designated benefit paid to the PBGC under section 4050(b)(2) of ERISA, or
- (ii) That the designated benefit is correct, but only to the extent that the benefit to be paid does not exceed the participant's or beneficiary's guaranteed benefit.
- (c) Matters not covered by this part. Nothing in this part limits—
- (1) The authority of the PBGC to review, either upon request or on its own initiative, a determination to which

this part does not apply when, in its discretion, the PBGC determines that it would be appropriate to do so, or

(2) The procedure that the PBGC may utilize in reviewing any determination to which this part does not apply.

§ 4003.2 Definitions.

The following terms are defined in §4001.2 of this chapter: Code, contributing sponsor, controlled group, ERISA, multiemployer plan, PBGC, person, plan administrator, and single-employer plan.

In addition, for purposes of this part: Aggrieved person means any participant, beneficiary, plan administrator, contributing sponsor of a single-emplover plan or member of such a contributing sponsor's controlled group, plan sponsor of a multiemployer plan, or employer that is adversely affected by an initial determination of the PBGC with respect to a pension plan in which such person has an interest. The term "beneficiary" includes an alternate payee (within the meaning of section 206(d)(3)(K) of ERISA) under a qualified domestic relations order (within the meaning of section 206(d)(3)(B) of ERISA).

Appeals Board means a board consisting of three PBGC officials. The Executive Director shall appoint a senior PBGC official to serve as Chairperson and three or more other PBGC officials to serve as regular Appeals Board members. The Chairperson shall designate the three officials who will constitute the Appeals Board with respect to a case, provided that a person may not serve on the Appeals Board with respect to a case in which he or she made a decision regarding the merits of the determination being appealed. The Chairperson need not serve on the Appeals Board with respect to all cases.

Appellant means any person filing an appeal under subpart D of this part.

Director means the Director of any department of the PBGC and includes the Executive Director of the PBGC, Deputy Executive Directors, and the General Counsel.

§ 4003.3 PBGC assistance in obtaining information.

A person who lacks information or documents necessary to file a request